

La **DIAGNOSTICA** **EMATOPATOLOGICA** nell'ERA della **MEDICINA** di **PRECISIONE**

To be, or not to be, that is the question...

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ATS Liguria ASL5 - Ospedale Sant'Andrea
La Spezia

Man 78 yo

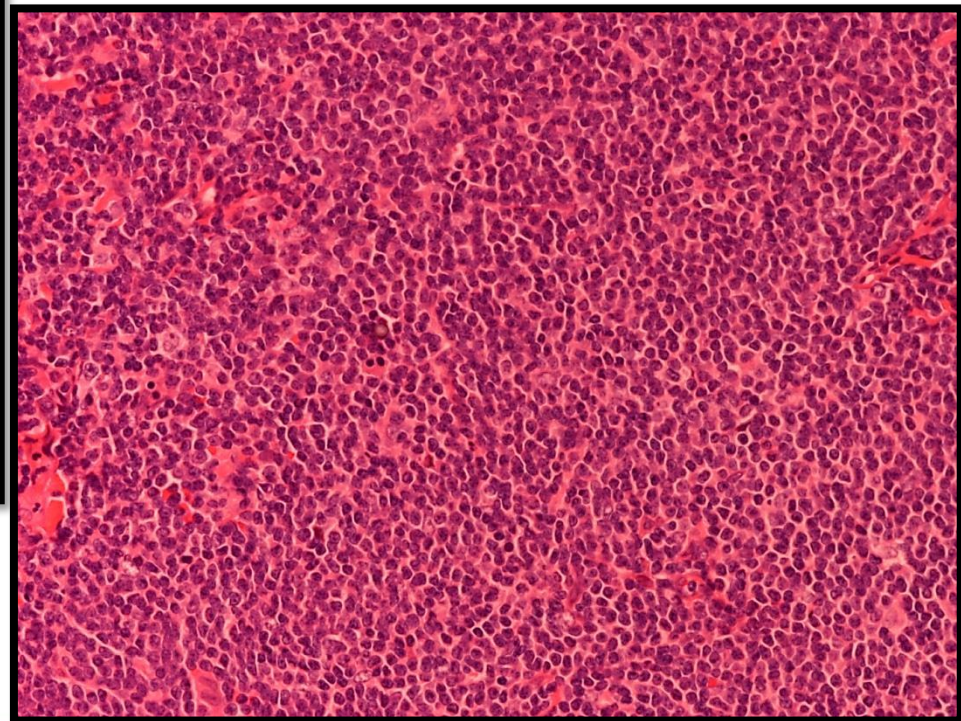
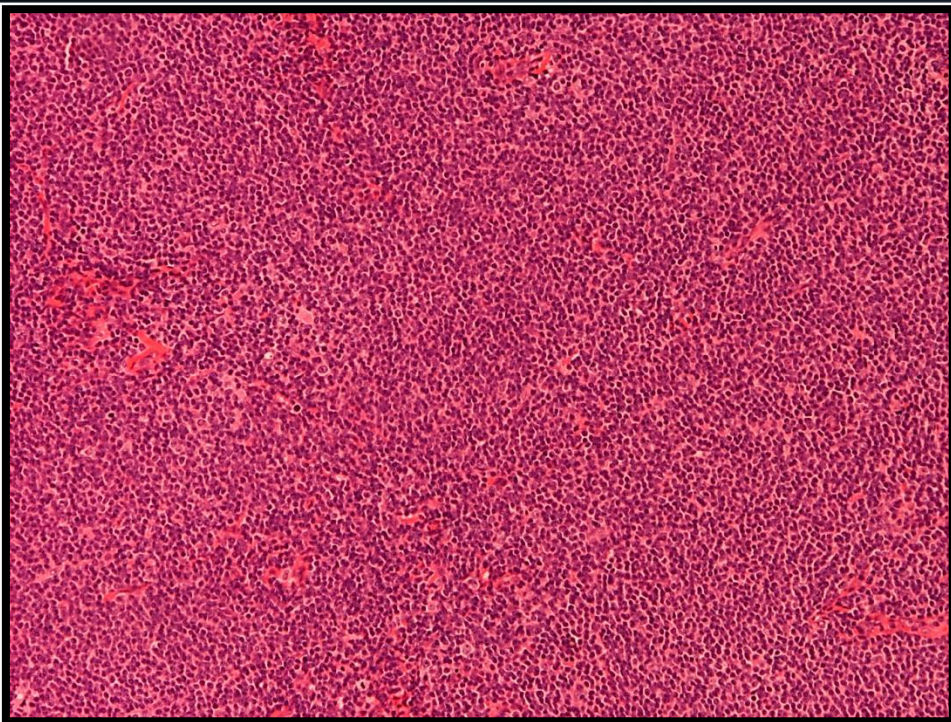
- Dec. 2024: during pre-hospitalization examinations for inguinal hernia surgery, radiological evidence of left pleural effusion
- weight loss of 8-9 kg in the last month
- intense asthenia

Chest CT

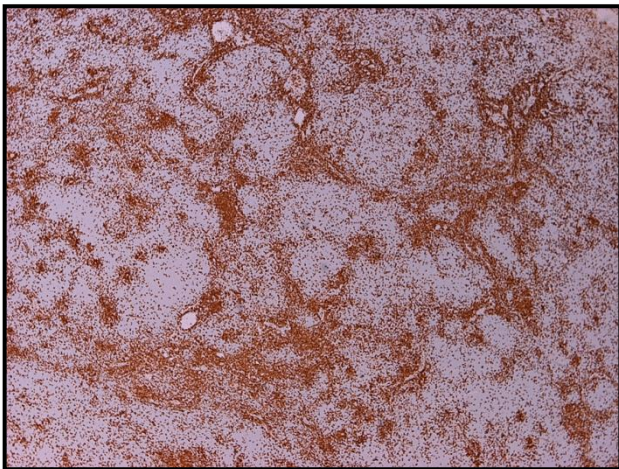
- left pleural effusion
- mediastinal LAPs (subcarenal 45x15 mm)
- bilateral axillary, supra- and subclavicular LAPs (right axillary 46x32 mm)
- multiple LAPs also confluent in small gastric curve (50x27 mm), hepatic hilum and celiac-mesenteric (33x24 mm)

left supraclavicular lymph node excisional biopsy

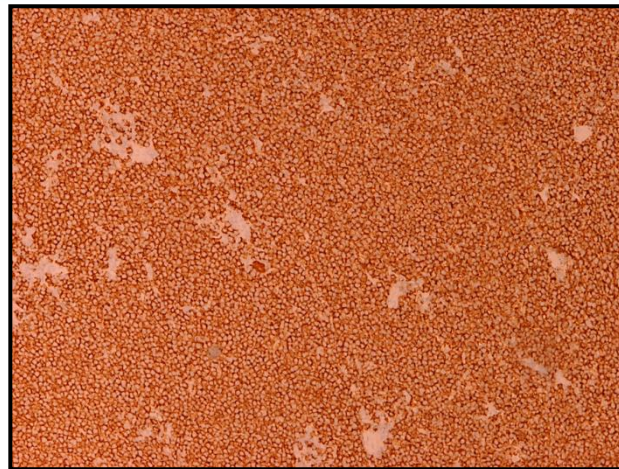
- multi-lobed LN of 3 cm maximum diameter
- flow cytometry: CD19+, CD20+, CD5+, CD200-, CD10-, CD38+, lambda light chain expression



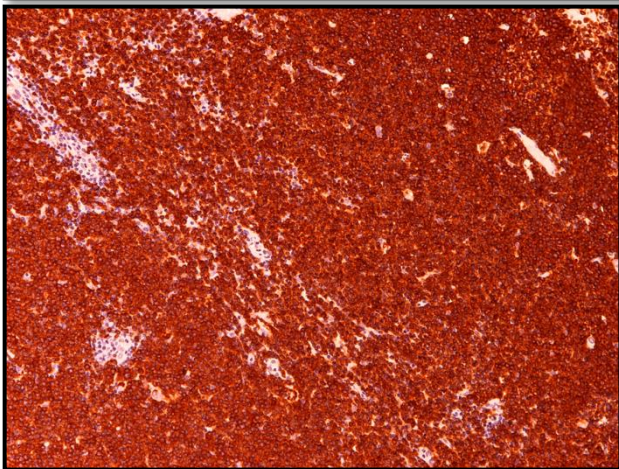
CD3



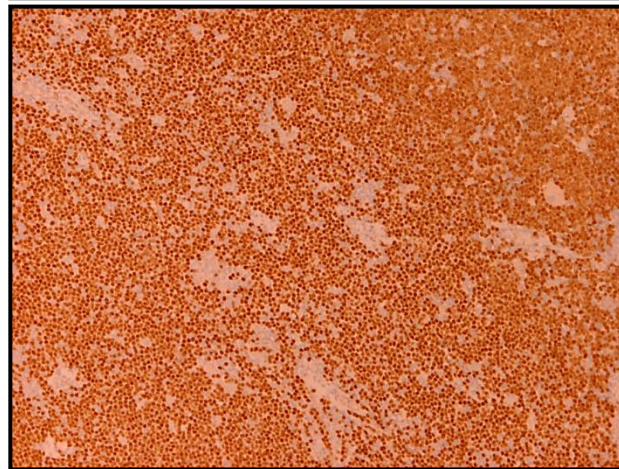
CD20



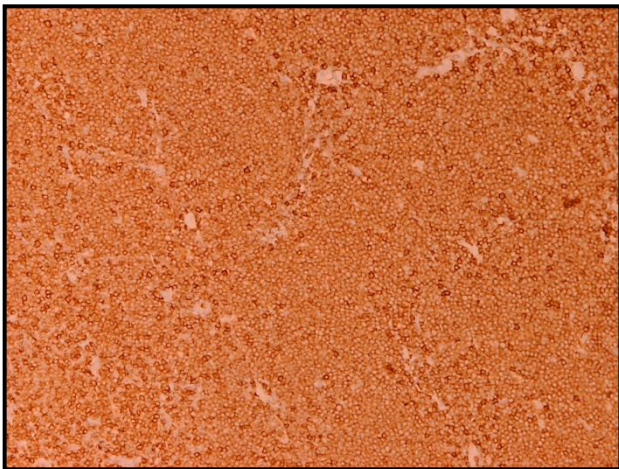
CD79a



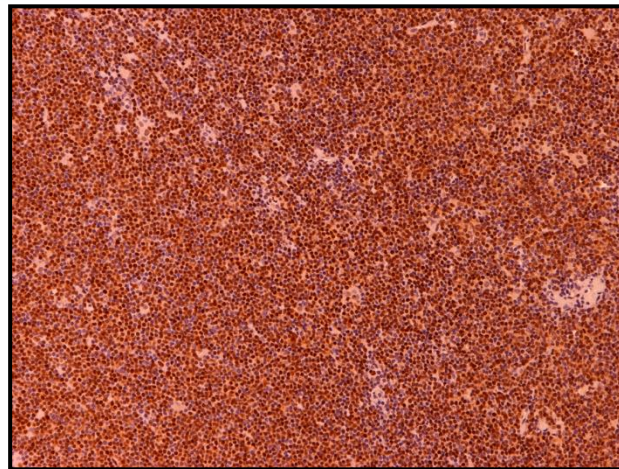
PAX5



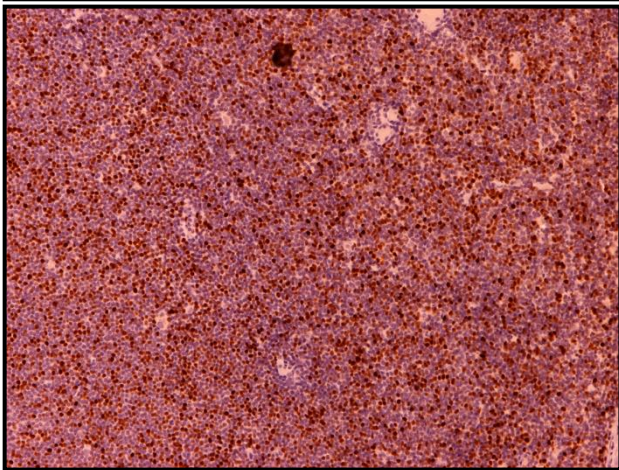
CD5



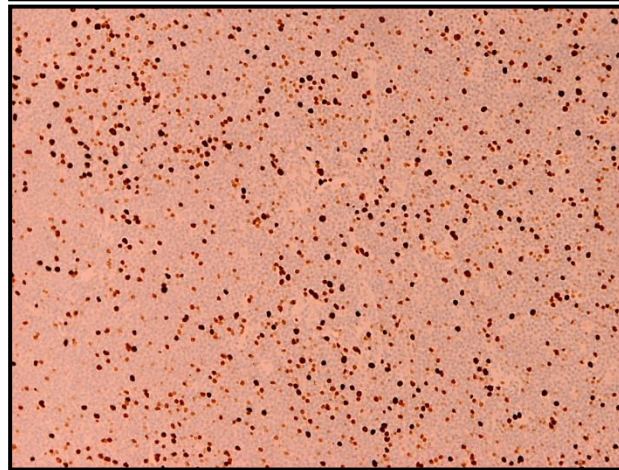
BCL1

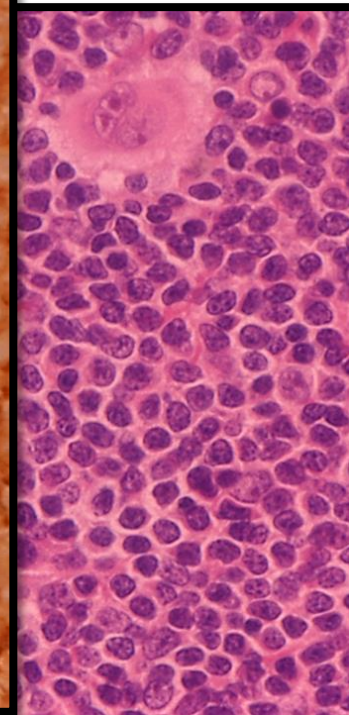
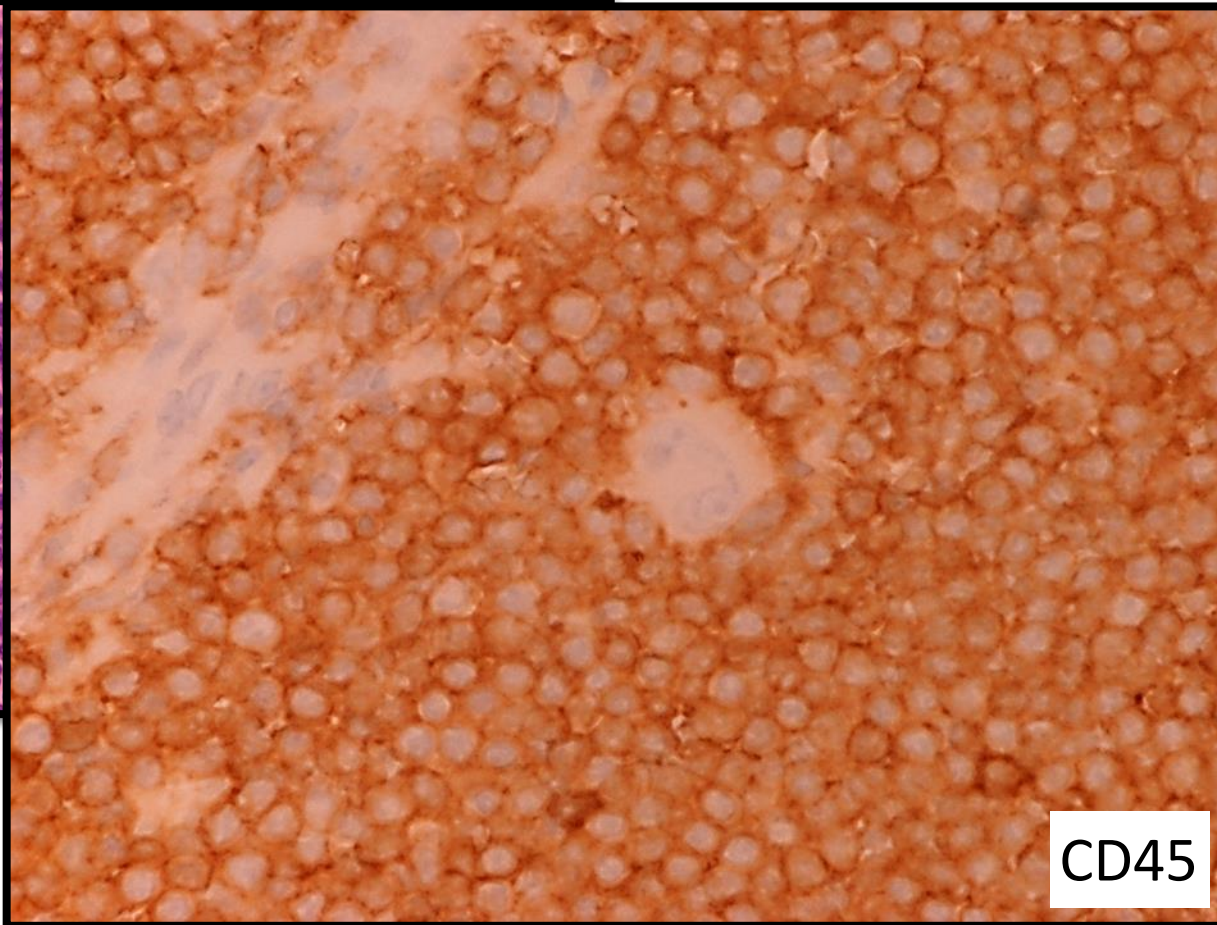
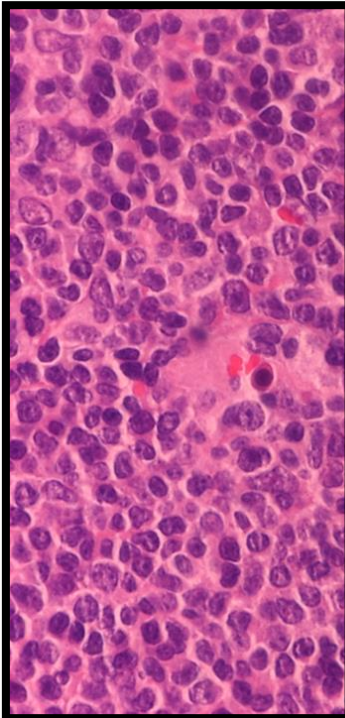


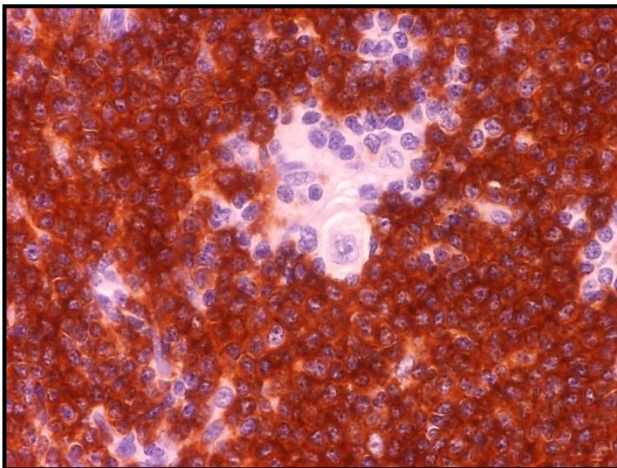
SOX11



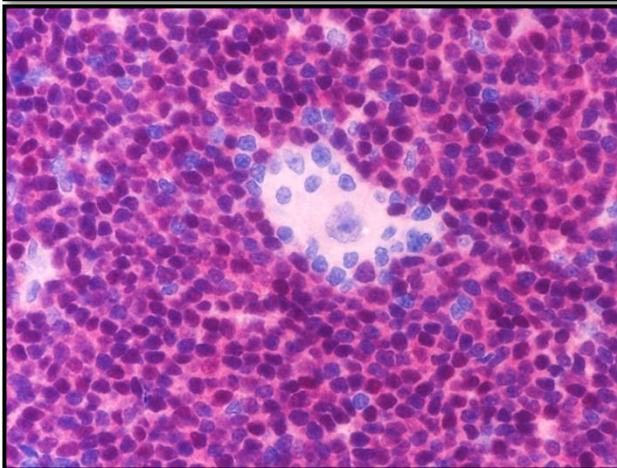
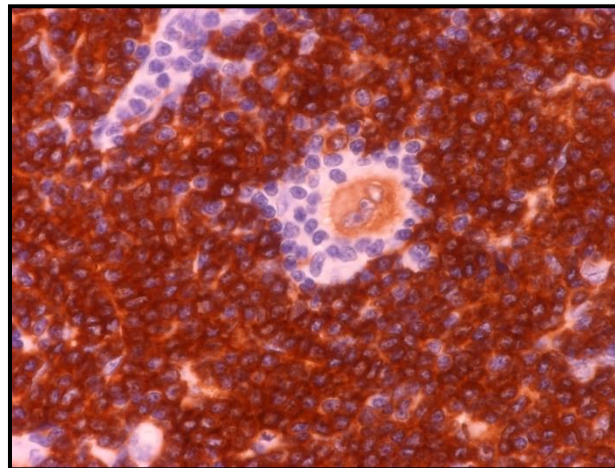
MIB1



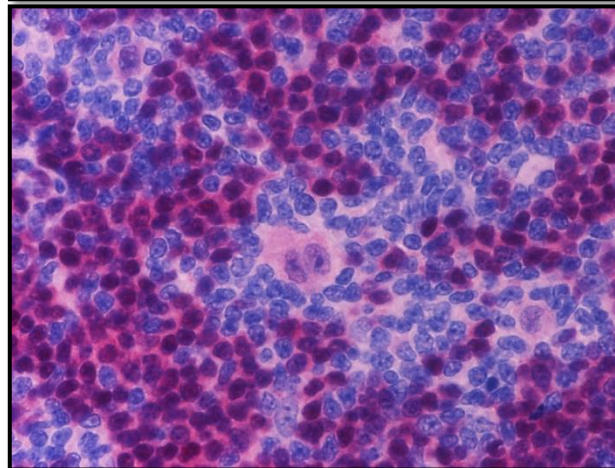




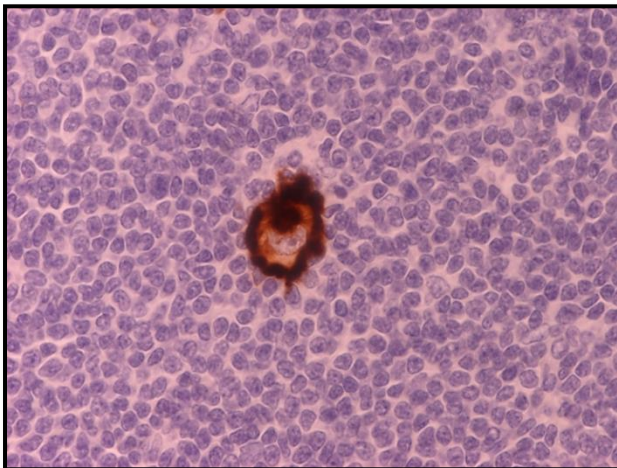
CD79a



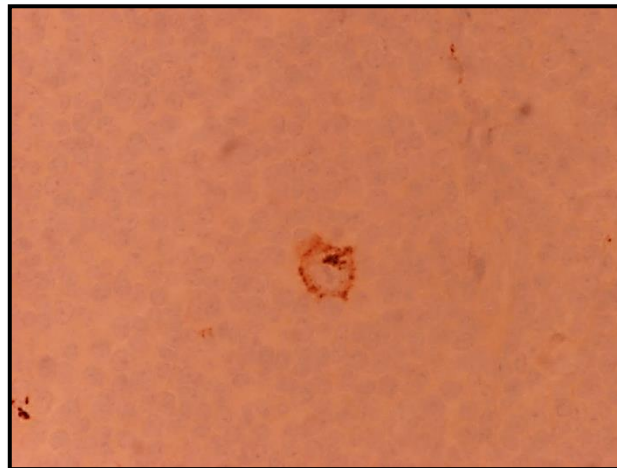
PAX5



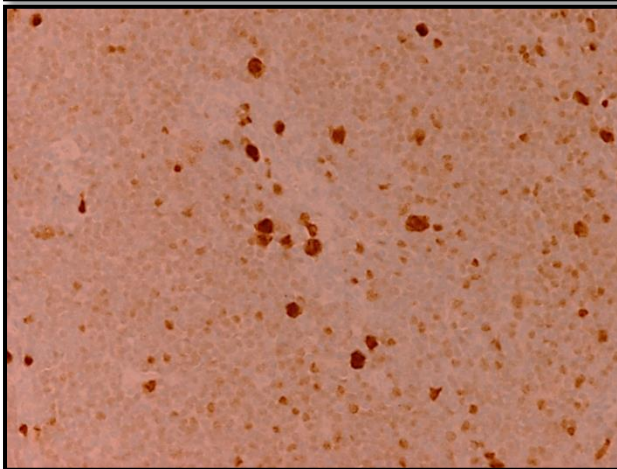
CD30



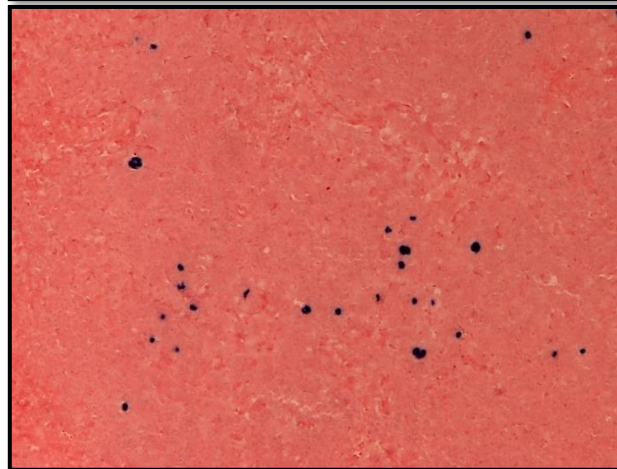
CD15



MUM1



EBER



MCL (classic variant) and EBV+ HRS-like cells
in Immune Deficiency and Dysregulation

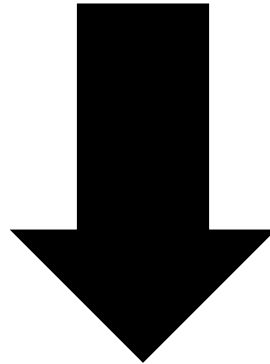
(IDD)?

VS

COMPOSITE LYMPHOMA: MCL and CHL?

MCL with
t(11;14)

HRS-like cells
traslocation
not possible
to assess



ABSENCE of characteristic cellular
microenvironment (small lymphocytes,
eosinophils, histiocytes, neutrophils,
plasma cells)

MCL (classic variant) and EBV+ HRS-like cells in IDD

PET-CT

- bilateral laterocervical and axillary LAPs (bulky adenopathy in the right axillary region)
- mediastinal LAPs
- multiple and bulky abdominal LAPs

bone marrow biopsy and aspiration
negative for lymphoma



TREATMENT: six cycles of bendamustine and rituximab (BR)

PET-CT

partial metabolic response (PMR)
(right axillary LAPs)



two further cycles with rituximab



PET-CT

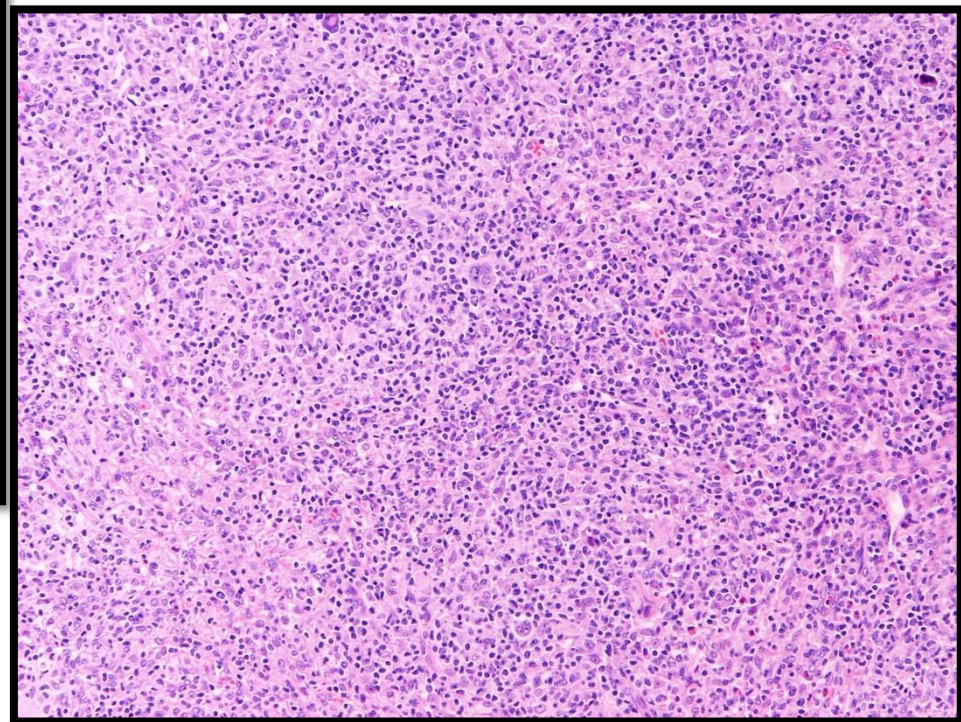
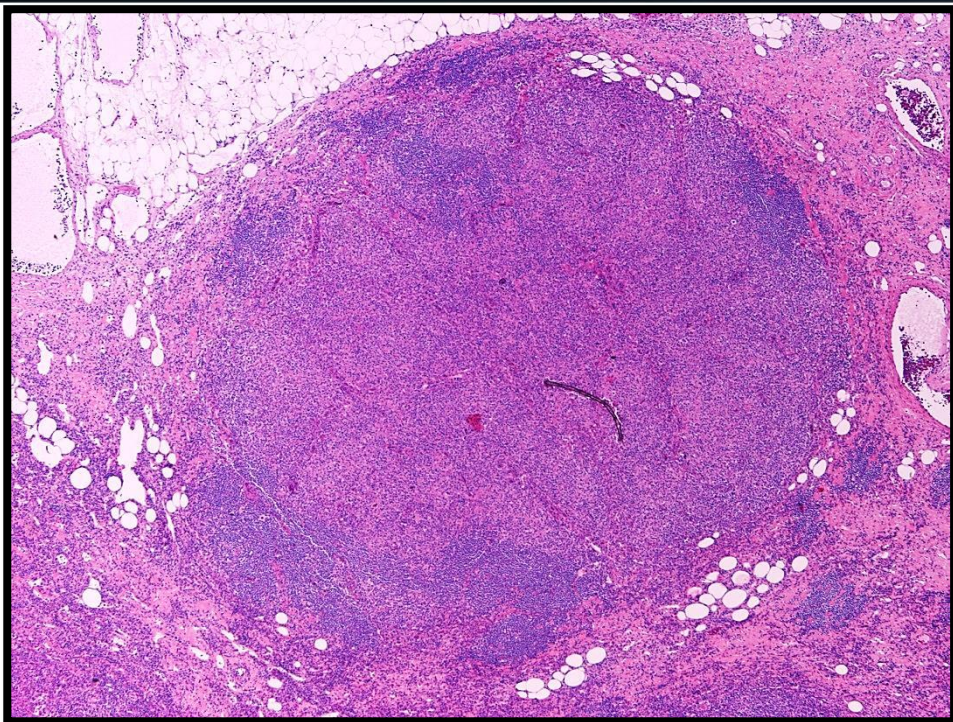
Progressive Metabolic Disease (PMD)

right axillary LAP

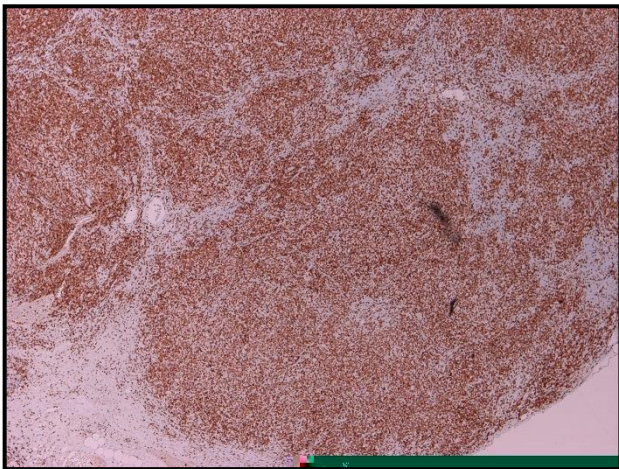
multiple abdominal LAPs

right axillary lymph node excisional biopsy

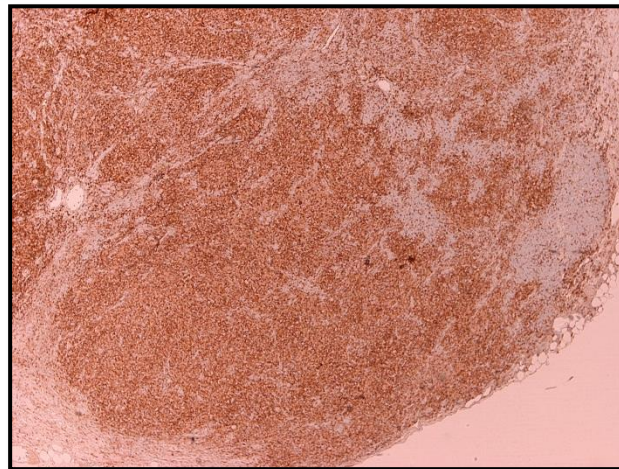
- multi-lobed LN of 4 cm maximum diameter
- flow cytometry: CD19+, CD20+, CD5+, CD200-, CD10-, CD38-, lambda light chain expression



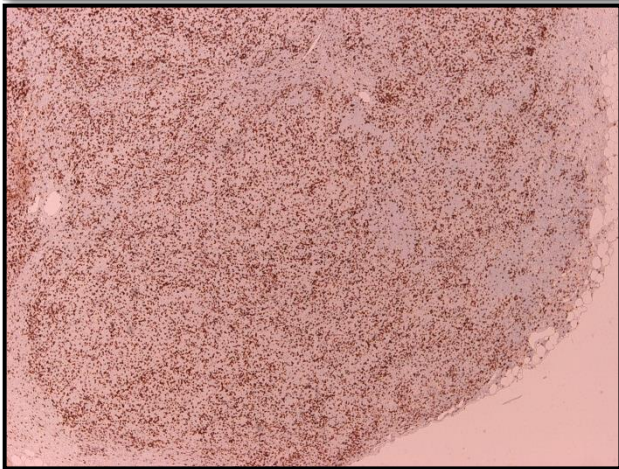
CD3



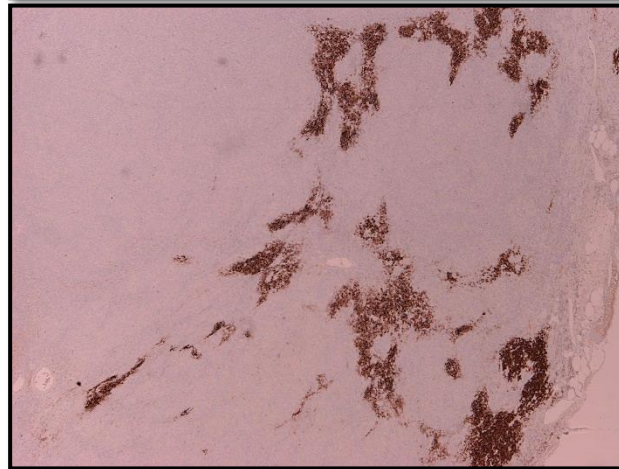
CD4



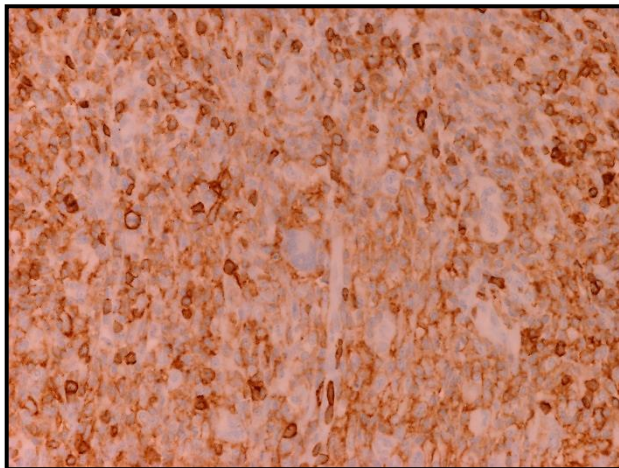
CD8



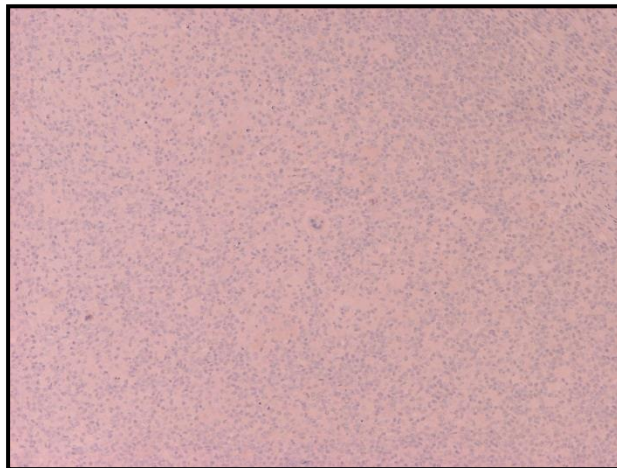
CD20



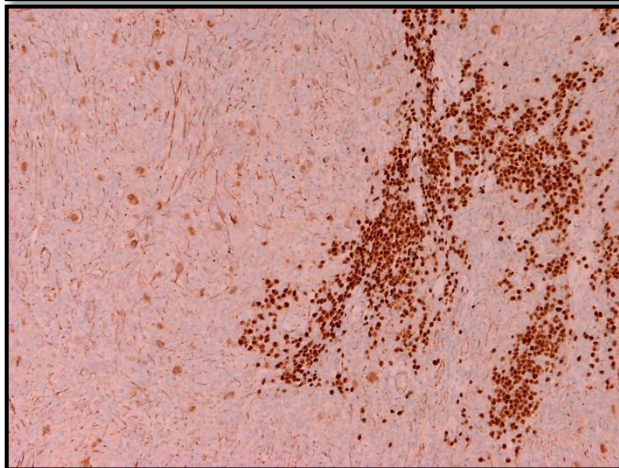
CD45



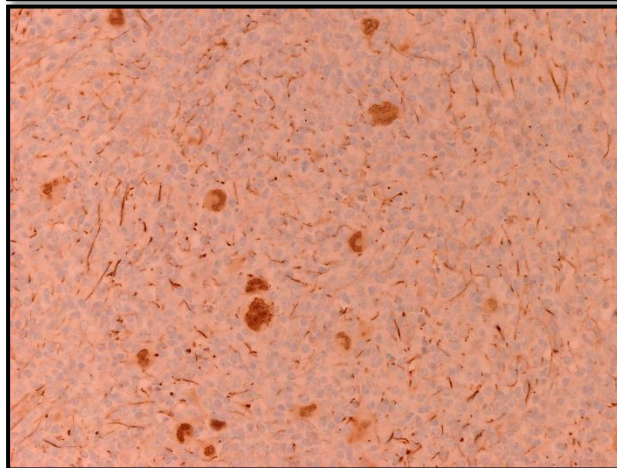
CD20



CD79a



PAX5

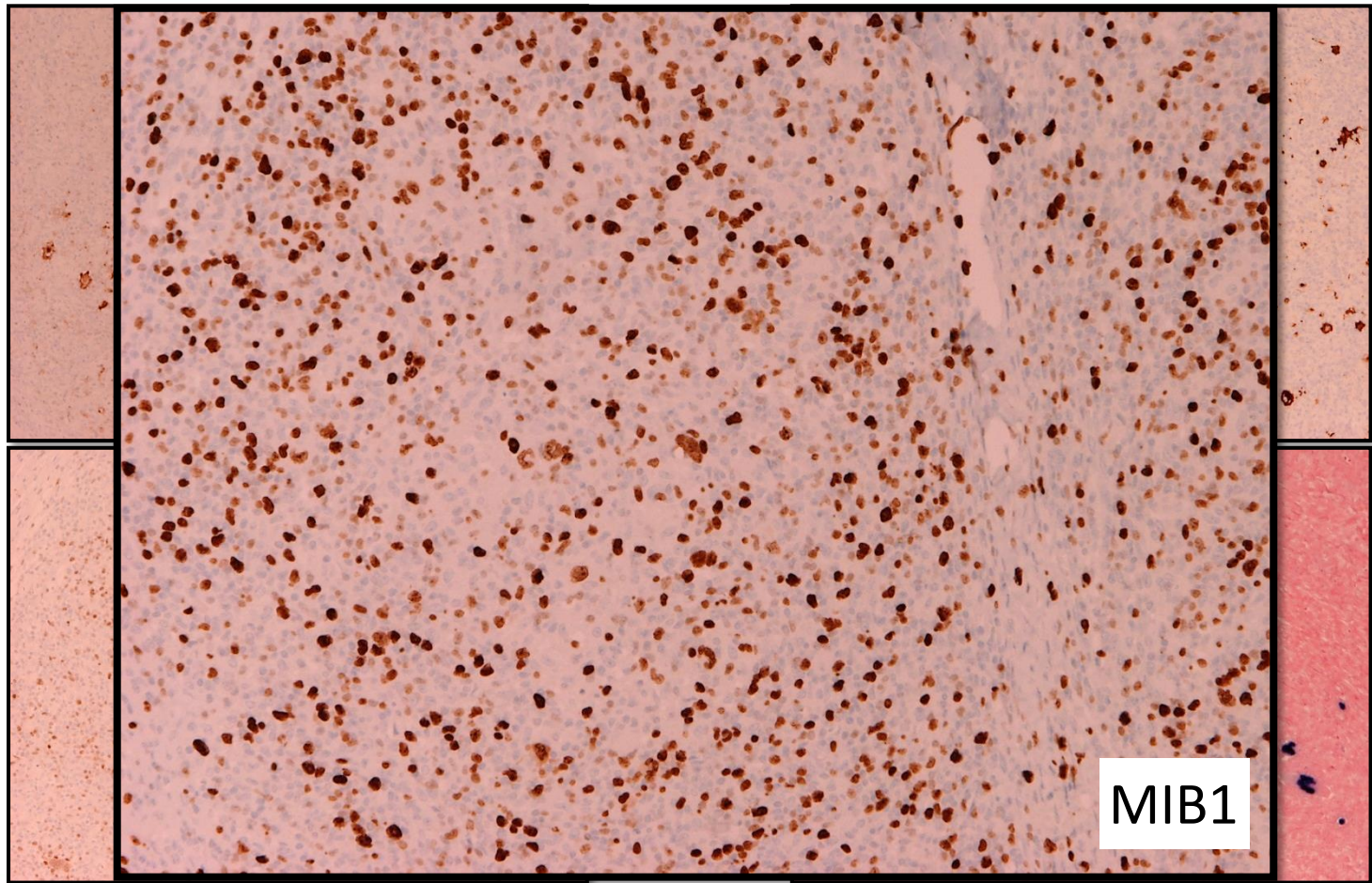


CD30

CD15

MUM1

EBER



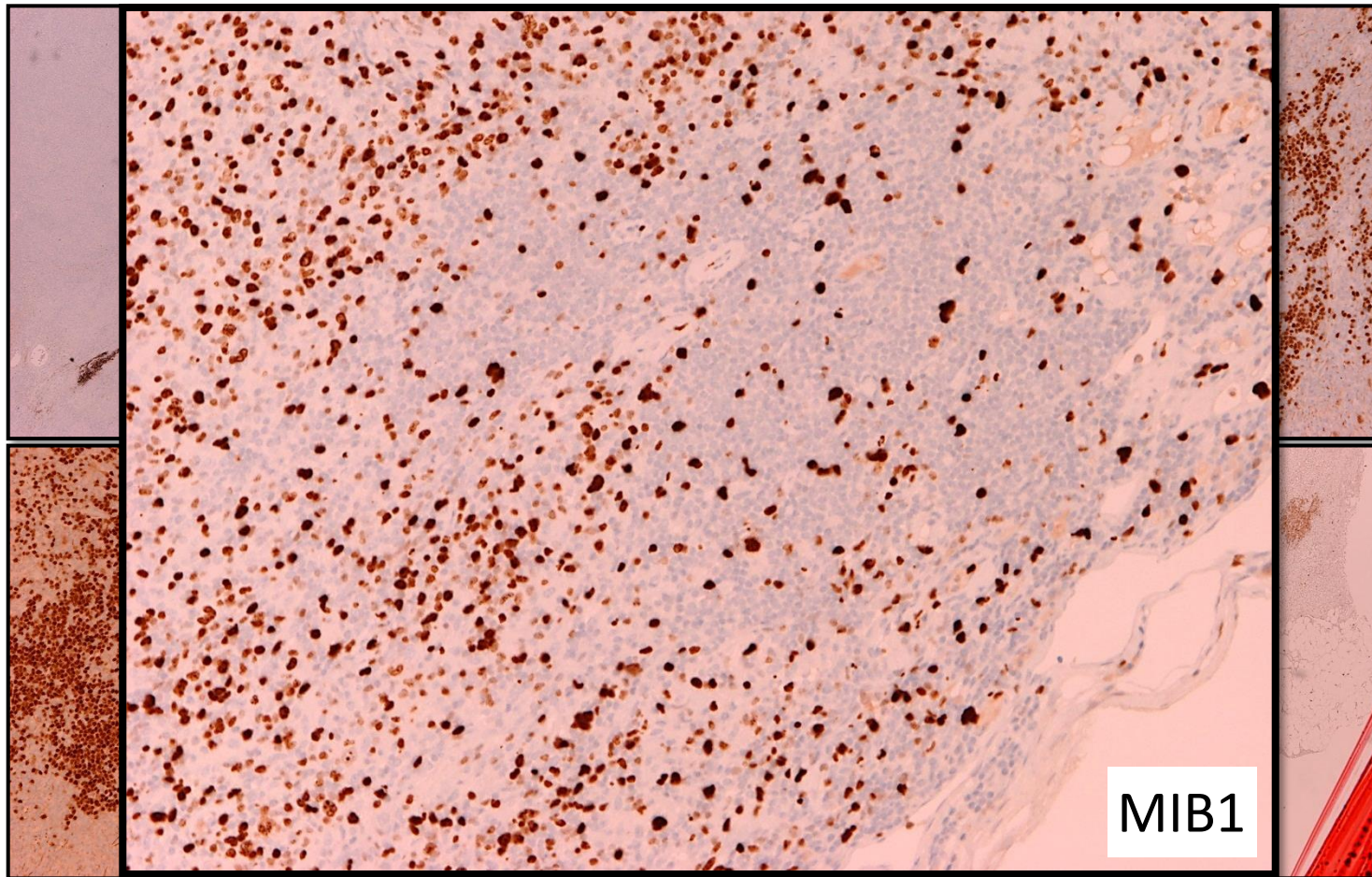
MIB1

CD20

CD79a

PAX5

BCL1



COMPOSITE LYMPHOMA

CHL absence
of t(11;14)

CHL, nodular sclerosis

+

MCL

MCL with
t(11;14)

**FIRST-LINE TREATMENT FOR ADVANCED-STAGE cHL
B-AVD**

(Brentuximab - Adriamycin, Vinblastine, Dacarbazine)

COMPOSITE LYMPHOMA

- first described by Philip Custer in 1954 as *two or more distinct lymphomas that occur in the same patient*
- definition refined by Kim et al. in 1977 as *simultaneous occurrence of more than one type of lymphoma in the same organ or tissue*
- definition commonly accepted today is the one given by Küppers et al. in 2014: ***concurrent or sequential occurrence of two or more distinct types of lymphoma in the same anatomical location or tissue***

COMPOSITE LYMPHOMA

- rare
- combination of MCL and cHL is extremely rare: only few cases reported in the literature

Review > [Pathol Oncol Res.](#) 2023 Mar 17;29:1611051. doi: 10.3389/pore.2023.1611051.

eCollection 2023.

Case report: Composite mantle cell lymphoma and classical Hodgkin lymphoma

Hongyu Wang ¹, Liqun Yang ², Qiuyao Li ¹, Haiyun Song ¹, Hong Ji ¹

Case Reports > [Cureus.](#) 2023 Sep 21;15(9):e45727. doi: 10.7759/cureus.45727.

eCollection 2023 Sep.

Composite Classical Hodgkin Lymphoma and Mantle Cell Lymphoma: A Case Report

Rajdeep Kaur ¹, Bingjun Zhang ², Kuixing Zhang ³, Mohamed Eldaly ¹, Jincy Clement ¹

COMPOSITE LYMPHOMA

- origin is still unclear
- chance occurrence or common origin?
- if two distinct lymphomas derive from a common precursor, it is likely that the latter carried shared genetic lesions but also carry distinct genetic lesions explaining the distinct histopathology of the lymphomas

Case Reports > N Engl J Med. 1999 Apr 22;340(16):1239-47.
doi: 10.1056/NEJM199904223401604.

Identification of common germinal-center B-cell precursors in two patients with both Hodgkin's disease and non-Hodgkin's lymphoma

A Bräuninger¹, M L Hansmann, J G Strickler, R Dummer, G Burg, K Rajewsky, R Küppers

Case Reports > J Clin Oncol. 1999 Dec;17(12):3804-9. doi: 10.1200/JCO.1999.17.12.3804.

Classical Hodgkin's disease and follicular lymphoma originating from the same germinal center B cell

T Marafioti¹, M Hummel, I Anagnostopoulos, H D Foss, D Huhn, H Stein

Case Reports > Mol Med. 2001 May;7(5):285-92.

Common germinal-center B-cell origin of the malignant cells in two composite lymphomas, involving classical Hodgkin's disease and either follicular lymphoma or B-CLL

R Küppers¹, A B Sousa, A S Baur, J G Strickler, K Rajewsky, M L Hansmann

Case Reports > Int J Cancer. 2014 Feb 15;134(4):832-43. doi: 10.1002/ijc.28422.

Epub 2013 Aug 29.

Subclonal evolution of a classical Hodgkin lymphoma from a germinal center B-cell-derived mantle cell lymphoma

Stefanie Schneider¹, Barbara Crescenzi, Markus Schneider, Stefano Ascani, Sylvia Hartmann, Martin-Leo Hansmann, Brunangelo Falini, Cristina Mecucci, Enrico Tiacci, Ralf Küppers

Review > Cancers (Basel). 2022 Nov 19;14(22):5695. doi: 10.3390/cancers14225695.

Plasticity in Classical Hodgkin Composite Lymphomas: A Systematic Review

Alexis Trecourt^{1 2}, Marie Donzel^{1 3 4}, Juliette Fontaine¹, Hervé Ghesquière^{3 4 5}, Laurent Jallade^{3 4 6}, Gabriel Antherieu⁵, Camille Laurent⁷, Claire Mauduit^{1 3 8}, Alexandra Traverse-Glehen^{1 3 4}

COMPOSITE LYMPHOMA

> [Leukemia](#). 2025 Aug;39(8):1960-1971. doi: 10.1038/s41375-025-02549-y. Epub 2025 May 22.

Common origin and somatic mutation patterns of composite lymphomas and leukemias

Victoria Berg ^{# 1}, Anna Lollies ^{# 1 2}, Markus Schneider ^{1 3}, Patricia Johansson ^{1 4}, Marc A Weniger ¹, Emma Albertini ⁵, Fabio Facchetti ⁵, Stefano Ascani ⁶, Abubakar Moawia ⁷, Susanne Bens ⁷, Anja Fischer ⁷, Reiner Siebert ⁷, Wolfram Klapper ⁸, Luisa Lorenzi ⁵, Enrico Tiacci ⁹, Sylvia Hartmann ¹⁰, Bettina Budeus ¹, Martin-Leo Hansmann ¹¹, Ralf Küppers ^{12 13}

Composite lymphomas consisting of a cHL and another B-cell lymphoma are frequently clonally related and derive from GC-experienced B cells

- shared somatic mutations drive tumorigenesis
- distinct somatic mutations determine the lymphoma type

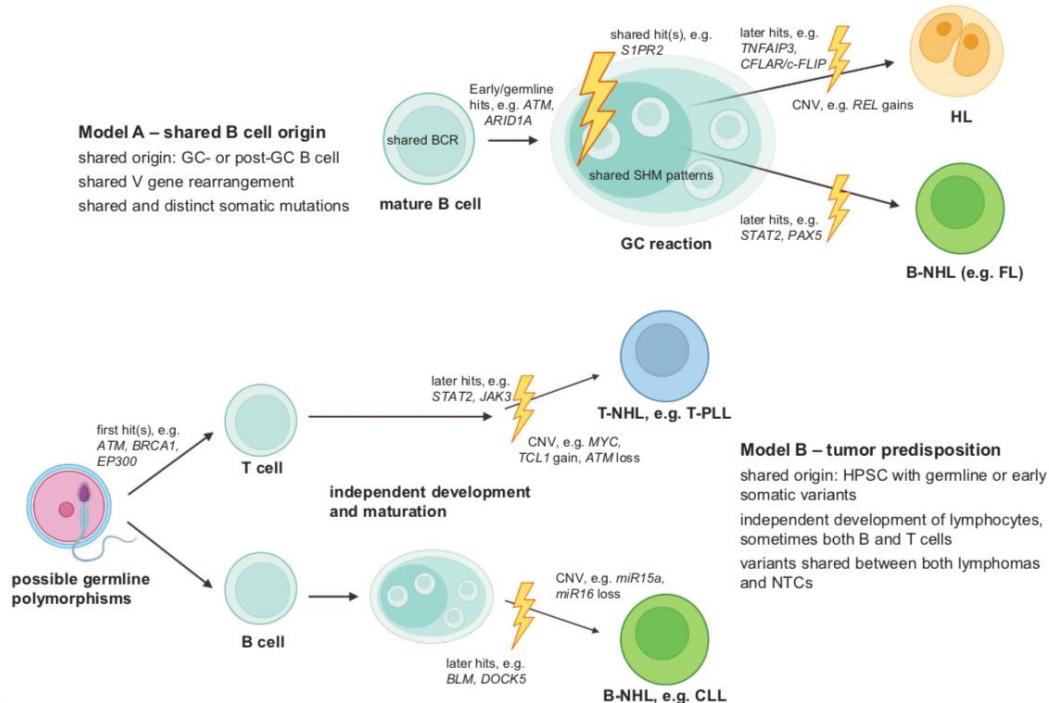
Case	Lymphoma/leukemia	Age at diagnosis (years)	Gender	Concurrent or sequential	Tissue	Markers of tumor cells
1	HL and CLL	70	Male	Concurrent ^a	Lymph node (HL and CLL)	HRS cells: CD30 ⁺ , CD20 ⁻ , CD3 ⁻ , PAX5 ⁺ , EBV ⁺ CLL cells: CD20 ⁺ , CD5 ⁺ , CD23 ⁺ , CD30 ⁻
2	HL and SMZL	67 (SMZL), 70 (HL)	Male	Sequential	Lymph node (HL), spleen (SMZL)	HRS cells: CD30 ⁺ , CD15 ⁺ , PAX5 ⁺ , CD20 ⁻ , EBV ⁻ . SMZL cells: CD20 ⁺ , CD5 ⁻ , CD23 ⁻ , CCND1 ⁻
3	HL and MCL	85	Female	Concurrent	Lymph node (HL and MCL)	HRS cells: CD30 ⁺ , CD19 ⁻ , CD20 ⁺ , PAX5 ^{weak} , CD5 ⁺ , CD45 ⁺ , CCND1 ⁻ , EBV ⁻ , <i>CCND1::IGH</i> translocation MCL cells: CD45 ⁺ , CD19 ⁺ , CD20 ⁺ , CD5 ⁻ , CCND1 ⁺ , SOX11 ⁺ , CD30 ⁻ , <i>CCND1::IGH</i> translocation
4	HL and FL	61 (FL), 64 (HL)	Female	Sequential	Lymph node (HL and FL)	HRS cells: CD30 ⁺ , CD15 ^{+/+} , CD20 ⁻ , EBV ⁻ FL cells: CD20 ⁺ , BCL6 ⁺ , CCND1 ⁻ , BCL2 ^{+/+} , CD10 ^{+/+}
5	CLL and T-PLL	77	Female	Concurrent ^b	PBL	CLL cells: CD19 ⁺ , CD5 ⁺ , CD23 ⁺ , Igκ ⁺ T-PLL cells: CD3 ⁺ , CD4 ⁺ , CD5 ⁺ , CD8 ⁻
6	PCL and ALCL	73	Female	Concurrent ^c	PBL	PCL cells: CD38 ⁺ , CD138 ⁺ , cyIgA ⁺ ALCL cells: CD3 ⁺ , CD4 ⁺ , CD30 ⁺ , CD52 ⁺ , ALK ⁻

^aFirst CLL diagnosis 2 years earlier.

^bFirst the CLL was diagnosed, and four months later both leukemias concurrently.

^cPCL first diagnosed two years earlier.

COMPOSITE LYMPHOMA



Grazie dell'attenzione

Golfo di La Spezia

